

## The Chicago Eagle

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 to National, State and Local  
 Politics; to the publication of  
 Municipal, State, County and  
 Sanitary District news; to comment  
 on people in public life; to clean  
 baseball and sports; and to the  
 publication of general information  
 of public interest, financial, com-  
 mercial and political.

SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1919.

## THE FIFTH LOAN.

The Fifth Government Loan, which  
 is to be distributed to the people next  
 spring, will find Americans in all  
 walks of life in particularly good shape  
 to participate largely.

This, it is pointed out by the Gov-  
 ernment authorities, is fortunate, for  
 Uncle Sam will have to ask for a very  
 large amount in order to meet his re-  
 maining military outlays. The pro-  
 ceeds of the Fourth Liberty Loan were  
 all exhausted by December 1, and  
 since then the Government has been  
 borrowing money from the banks to  
 meet its current bills. These have  
 been heavier since the signing of the  
 armistice than before, as the liquidat-  
 ing of the war machine necessarily  
 entailed a considerable augmentation.

The American people in the first  
 three Government loans, furnished the  
 money with which to construct the  
 war machine. The Fourth loan saw  
 it well into the victorious drive that  
 ended the war. But the concluding  
 battles, the weeks of expensive delay  
 since the armistice, the bringing home  
 of the men who are to be discharged,  
 and the liquidating of the war con-  
 tracts must all be paid for with money  
 to be raised in a fifth great popular  
 appeal.

The record of business failures in  
 the United States for the year 1918  
 shows that American business men  
 are in splendid shape to make large  
 subscriptions to the Fifth Loan. The  
 twelve months just closed saw only  
 9,382 failures. This compares with  
 13,855 in 1917, 16,933 in 1916, and 22-  
 156 in 1915. This shows, for 1918, a  
 55% decrease. The total is the  
 smallest since 1899, when there were  
 9,337 failures. By reason of the  
 great increase in the number of busi-  
 ness houses in the country since  
 1899, the 1918 failures are relatively  
 even much smaller than then.

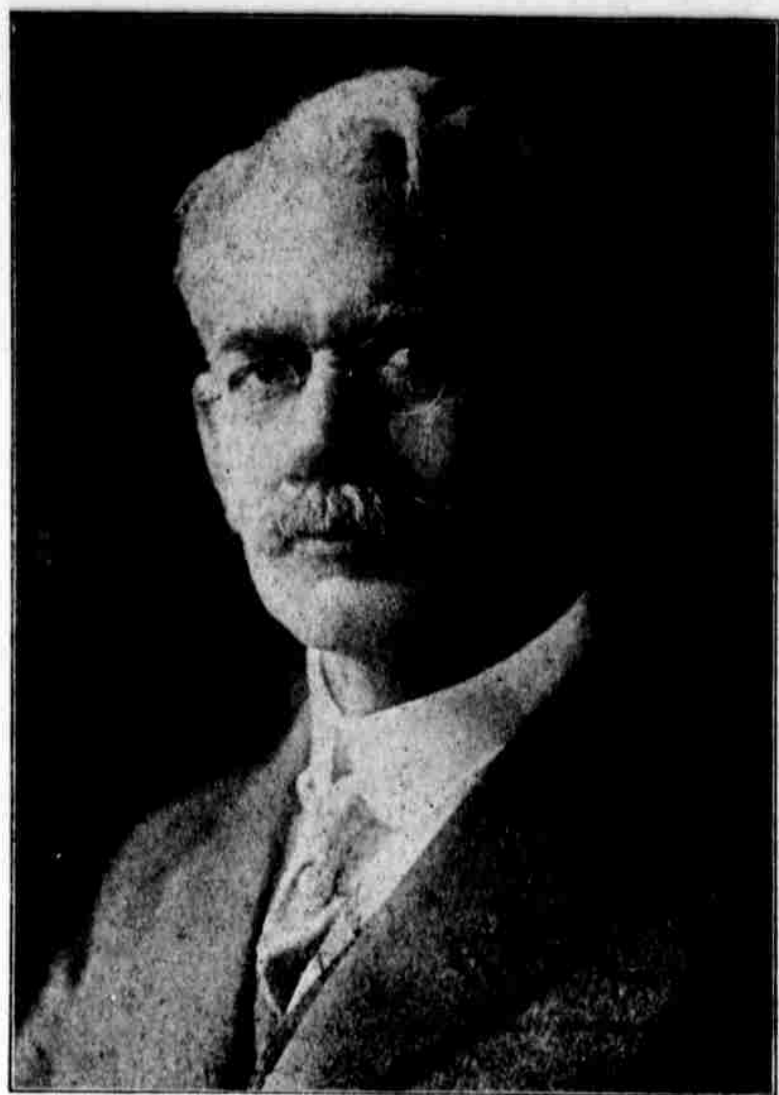
Farmers everywhere are making  
 the greatest returns in history. Wheat  
 is pegged at \$2.20 and the Government  
 is also practically guar-  
 anteeing the price of hogs and corn.  
 Among wage earners, despite the  
 high cost of living, there is a marked  
 general prosperity. The average  
 yearly wage of the United States  
 Steel Company employees is now \$1,  
 574, against \$905 in 1913 and \$669 in  
 1902, a 120 percent increase. The in-  
 crease in the last five years is 74%.  
 Common labor, receiving \$2 a day be-  
 fore the war, now gets from \$3.50 to  
 \$5. Skilled men now get on the  
 average from \$6 to \$20 a day and few  
 get as much as \$75 a day. In the  
 Seattle shipyards men are getting \$18  
 a day.

Railway wages have been advanced  
 \$700,000,000 per annum in the last  
 year, following a \$100,000,000 advance  
 given by the Adamson law. The fol-  
 lowing table shows the relative pay,  
 in 1914 and now and may be taken  
 as a minimum of the advances in  
 nearly all fields of employment.

Office boy, per week.	\$ 8.00	\$ 13.40
Minor station agent,		
per month.	74.75	182.00
Baggage man, per		
month.	72.80	144.40
Drawbridge deck hand	90.00	188.28
Car repairer or black-		
smith, per day.	5.22	9.52
Plain carman, per day.	4.02	8.12
Ticket clerk, per month	72.80	122.11
Ticket clerk and tele-		
phone operator, per		
month.	75.83	182.00

Out in the country, farm hands who  
 used to be happy over \$30 a month  
 with board, are now getting as much  
 as \$8 a day.

The cost of living has, obviously,  
 taken up much of the gain in wages  
 and profits everywhere, but there is  
 still left a handsome margin. The  
 public, in 1914, could have bought  
 bonds in tremendous amounts and  
 since then, taking the country by and  
 large, profits and wages have mounted  
 more than living costs. When the  
 Fifth Loan is offered to the public in  
 the spring, Uncle Sam will be de-  
 cidedly unwilling to accept any plea  
 of inability to subscribe.



EDMUND D. HULBERT

President of the Merchants Loan &amp; Trust Company, the Oldest Bank in Chicago.

## THE CITY TAX RATE.

For several years the city of Chi-  
 cago has spent more than its revenue.  
 It is now proposed to raise the tax  
 rate to make good a deficit that was  
 bound to occur sooner or later.

There would be more disposition to  
 sanction an increase in taxes if the  
 past record of the city government  
 gave more evidence of economical  
 administration. It may not be true  
 that the finance committee of the city  
 council or its chairman is to blame  
 for this situation; but it is obvious  
 that they have not been able to pre-  
 vent the city administration from  
 overloading the municipal budget or  
 from spending more than could be  
 obtained from the revenues.

In asking for an increased tax rate,  
 Mr. Richert, the chairman of the  
 finance committee, suffers from the  
 misfortune of the past record of the  
 city council. The city council has the  
 power to put a check on expenditures;  
 but its attitude has not been suf-  
 ficiently energetic to prevent the  
 administration from using the public  
 revenues for its own purposes.

In order to justify a request for a  
 higher tax rate the city council and  
 its finance committee must demon-  
 strate a greater degree of independ-  
 ence. If the public revenues are to be  
 disbursed by the city administration  
 without regard to question of economy  
 and without regard to the desires of  
 the city council, we shall not be will-  
 ing to indorse an increased rate.

It is probably true that the city re-  
 quires more revenue. When the city  
 council demonstrates that it is cap-  
 able of administering city funds in an  
 economical manner there will be no  
 disposition to withhold whatever re-  
 venues are necessary.

## OBITUARY

## WALTER HAWES.

Walter Hawes, for thirty-eight years  
 a proofreader for the Daily News,  
 died on Monday at his home in Park  
 Ridge. He had been ill for two years.  
 Mr. Hawes was born in St. John's, Vt.,  
 seventy-two years ago. His widow,  
 Mrs. Marion A. Hawes, and three chil-  
 dren, John R. and Walter R. Hawes  
 and Mrs. Edith Hawes Bogue of New  
 York, survive.

The Vesuvio Italian Restaurant on  
 the second floor of 123 North Clark  
 street is deservedly popular. Its cus-  
 line is one of the best and its manager,  
 Eduardo Vitroni, is one of the most  
 capable restaurant men in the United  
 States.

Dennis J. Egan is a Democratic  
 leader of force, ability and popularity.

EUGENE R. PIKE,  
Popular City Comptroller.

## EAGLETS.

Judge Frank Johnston, Jr., is mak-  
 ing a fine record on the Circuit Court  
 bench.

Charles Krutchof is one of the  
 most popular members of the Board  
 of Assessors. He always looks after  
 the people's interests.

John W. Eckhart, the popular Dem-  
 ocratic leader would make a good  
 governor of Illinois.

William H. Reid, the City Smoke  
 Inspector, is one of the most popular  
 men in public life. He has a big fol-  
 lowing and is coming to the front  
 rapidly in Republican politics.

Clarence S. Piggott stands high at  
 the Bar and is respected by the peo-  
 ple. He will be a Judge some day and  
 in the near future at that.

Men of all parties favor the election  
 of George B. Holmes as Municipal  
 Judge.

Judge John R. Caverly gives gen-  
 eral satisfaction to the public in the  
 Municipal Court and grows more  
 popular every day.

Anthony D'Andrea, the popular pro-  
 prietor of the well known Capri Inn  
 restaurant, at 10 N. Clark street, is  
 one of the coming men of Chicago.  
 He is a born leader of men and with  
 his natural ability, splendid education  
 and host of friends is bound to make  
 his mark in public life. His restau-  
 rant has won deserved fame on ac-  
 count of the excellence of its serv-  
 ice.

C. B. Willey, president of the big  
 C. L. Willey Company, is one of the  
 solid men of Chicago. He is patriotic,  
 progressive and public spirited.

Dixon C. Williams, one of the finest  
 orators in the Democratic party is  
 growing in popularity. He would  
 make an ideal member of congress if  
 he would consent to run for the office.

Frank Rice, general manager of the  
 Benjamin Electric Company, is one of  
 the progressive young business men  
 of Chicago. He is respected and pop-  
 ular with everybody.

Frank Hogan, the highly respected  
 president of the Heco Envelope Com-  
 pany, would make a good mayor. He  
 is a man of great executive ability  
 and earnestness of purpose and he  
 numbers his friends by the thousands.

## IN THE LIMELIGHT

## QUEEN ANITA OF PORTUGAL



Wouldn't Evanston, Ill., U. S. A.  
 take on airs if its former belle, Mis-  
 Anita Stewart, should become a real  
 honest-to-goodness European queen?  
 To be sure, the king business is "in  
 bad" in most parts of Europe, but it is  
 not entirely closed in all places. For  
 example, the king of Great Britain and  
 Ireland will continue to do business at  
 the old stand. And, what's more, it  
 is not by any means impossible that  
 the next king should take into him-  
 self an American wife. There is  
 nothing in the British constitution  
 that forbids it, and America stands  
 pretty well in the world's estimation  
 just now.

Anyway, Miss Anita Stewart of  
 Evanston married Count Dom Miguel  
 de Braganza. He is cousin to former  
 King Manuel of Portugal. Portugal  
 forced Manuel off his throne a while  
 ago. The republic which was set up  
 appears to be more or less unpopular  
 in that country and efforts are apparently  
 being made to restore Manuel to the  
 throne—or at least to make Portugal a  
 monarchy once more. But Manuel,  
 it is said, has had enough of the king  
 business and does not take kindly to  
 the proposition of going back on the throne.  
 That being the case, Count Braganza  
 would be next in line. If the  
 dynasty is restored and Manuel declines  
 royal honors, the next queen of  
 Portugal is likely to be Queen Anita.

## KING FERDINAND AND ROUMANIA

A general insurrection in Rouma-  
 nia induced King Ferdinand to at-  
 tempt to flee to Jassy. Workington  
 blocked the roadway from the royal  
 palace, and the king and his family  
 were forced to return. The king was  
 wounded when the workers fired upon  
 the palace. Rioters in the streets of  
 Bucharest were then openly demand-  
 ing the overthrow of the dynasty, cry-  
 ing: "Down with the puppets! Long  
 live the republic!" In a clash between  
 the military and demonstrators at  
 Bakers 60 persons were killed and 150  
 wounded.

The discipline of the Roumanian  
 army is collapsing. The food and eco-  
 nomic situation is rapidly growing  
 worse, and the country's finances are  
 completely demoralized. The position  
 of the Bratiano cabinet is declared to  
 be untenable.

It has been known for many  
 months that German and Russian  
 anarchists, amply supplied with money,  
 have been working in Roumania try-  
 ing to bring about anarchy and the  
 deposition of the dynasty. However, King  
 Ferdinand was welcomed to Bucharest on  
 his return from Jassy.



## SEATTLE'S BATTLING MAYOR



Ole Hanson, Seattle's battling  
 mayor, who quelled that city's big  
 strike in a way that has evoked na-  
 tion-wide admiration, says what he  
 means and means what he says.

Mayor Hanson, when he was trav-  
 eling south to seek his fortune many  
 years ago, was in a railroad wreck at  
 Marathon, Tex. Two of his children  
 and his wife escaped with slight in-  
 juries; but his baby girl, Dorothy, only  
 fourteen months old, was burned and  
 received fatal injuries. Since then he  
 has a strong prejudice against riding  
 in trains. He drove to Seattle in a  
 covered wagon all the way from Ra-  
 cine, Wis., the family home and his  
 birthplace. He went with two chil-  
 dren; now he has ten.

Hanson started in Seattle 16 years  
 ago as a grocer. Times were hard  
 and he went "broke." Borrowing \$75,  
 he entered the real estate business,  
 and soon ran out of town the leading  
 man in that line, who was conducting  
 an irregular series of transactions.  
 Made popular by his fights for the people,  
 Hanson became state senator.  
 On retiring from the senate, Ole came  
 back to municipal affairs to find the  
 red-light district running wild. As a  
 result there came the recall of Mayor  
 Hiram Gill. The city wanted an honest,  
 truthful, fighting mayor, and they  
 elected Ole Hanson.

## EBERT, PRESIDENT OF GERMANY

Peeling church bells announced  
 that the Germans had chosen the head  
 of their own state. Friedrich Ebert,  
 former saddler and socialist leader,  
 appeared before the theater 20 mi-  
 nutes later and received as president of  
 Germany those plaudits formerly  
 marking the appearance of the mon-  
 arch who once stigmatized the party  
 to which President Ebert belongs as  
 being made up of men "unworthy to  
 bear the name of German." Despite  
 the certainty of Herr Ebert's election,  
 the theater at Weimar was crowded  
 beyond anything previously seen since  
 the opening of the national assembly.  
 The gallery resembled the reichstag  
 tribune in the old days, with men and  
 women in gala attire jammed in every  
 available inch of space. The boxes  
 and balconies were also crowded to  
 their utmost capacity. Great crowds  
 massed outside during the session,  
 waiting patiently in the cold for a  
 chance to see the new president when he  
 left the building, which he did im-  
 mediately after a very brief speech of acceptance.



## CAPTAIN BASSETT, GREAT LAKES



Great Lakes Naval Training sta-  
 tion, which still continues to occupy a  
 prominent place in the attention of  
 the country, has been lucky in its  
 commanding officers. Captain Moffett  
 endeavored himself to many thousands  
 of "gobs" and their parents and rela-  
 tives and friends. He left the station  
 to become commander of the super-  
 dreadnaught Mississippi. Then came  
 Rear Admiral Archibald Scates, who  
 now goes to Annapolis to be superin-  
 tendent of the military academy. Now  
 comes Captain F. B. Bassett, Jr.

Captain Bassett is what the fiction  
 writers would call a "grizzled old sea  
 dog." It is true in the sense that he  
 has seen lots of service and that his  
 service has been in all parts of the  
 world. He was graduated from An-  
 napolis in 1884 and took part in the  
 Spanish-American war. At the time of  
 his appointment he was commander of  
 the battleship Utah. Great Lakes sta-  
 tion is to be a permanent institution. Its  
 future size is apparently in ques-  
 tion and the subject comes up in con-  
 gress frequently.



GEORGE B. HOLMES,

Popular Republican Candidate for Judge of the Municipal Court.

GEO. B. HOLMES  
FOR JUDGE

Popular and Able Lawyer,  
 Strongest and Best Man in  
 Field for Municipal Court  
 Judge.

The republicans overwhelmingly  
 nominated George B. Holmes for Mu-  
 nicipal court judge, and he is the best  
 equipped man in the race.

George B. Holmes is an able law-  
 yer, respected by bench, bar and  
 public. He should be elected judge of  
 the Municipal court at the April elec-  
 tion, and he deserves the votes of  
 men of all parties on account of his  
 fitness for the position.

To show his standing with his fel-  
 low lawyers, it is only necessary to  
 call attention to the fact that he was  
 endorsed by the Chicago Bar Asso-  
 ciation in the last Bar primary, when  
 he was placed eighth in a list of  
 thirty-six in the ballots cast.

Mr. Holmes is very popular with  
 all who know him. He is affiliated  
 with a number of organizations, in-  
 cluding the South End Business Men's  
 Association, Society Santiago de  
 Cuba, Sons of American Revolution,  
 Thirty-Second Degree Mason, Fern-  
 wood Lodge, No. 238, I. O. O. F., Coun-  
 cil N. U., No. 313, United States Re-  
 volver Association, Illinois State Rifle  
 Association and is Past Division Com-  
 mander Illinois Division, Sons of Vet-  
 erans.

Mr. Holmes' war record: April 26,  
 1898, to November 17, 1898, in the  
 trenches, siege and capture of Santi-  
 ago de Cuba; sergeant Co. H, 1st Illi-  
 nois Volunteer Infantry; wears two  
 war department medals; in recent  
 Mexican trouble, on staff of adjt. gen-  
 eral; joined Illinois National Guards  
 on September 1, 1890, as a private in  
 1st Regiment Infantry, and was pro-  
 moted to corporal sergeant lieutenant,  
 and served on Major Abel Davis' staff  
 for five years.

DONNELLY'S  
FOR DIAMONDS

The best place in Chicago to buy  
 diamonds, as everybody knows, is at  
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 well known and reliable house has  
 been at the head of the diamond trade  
 of Chicago, and the prices are al-  
 ways reasonable for the best goods  
 on the market.

William H. Lyman, the popular for-  
 mer senator and alderman, is at the  
 head of the big public contracting  
 firm of W. H. Lyman & Co.

John R. Ford, the chief deputy col-  
 lector of customs, is a most efficient  
 aid to Collector McNeill.

Charles Molitor, a recognized leader  
 in the machinery trade, is one of Chi-  
 cago's leading and most reliable busi-  
 ness men. His name is honored  
 wherever he is known.

James Scala's Italian restaurant at  
 61 West Monroe street is very popu-  
 lar.

F. H. Seubold, D. C., one of the  
 most prominent chiropractors in Chi-  
 cago, offers to treat all soldiers and  
 sailors suffering from sciatitis, rheu-  
 matism, or kindred ailments free of  
 charge. His office is in the Stevens  
 building, 17 North State street.

Five bills for state legislation to  
 be asked by the city were prepared  
 by the law department. The bills  
 provide:

A city manager.  
 Changes in the method of select-  
 ing city controller, city clerk and  
 city treasurer.

Consolidation of the duties and of-  
 fices of city controller and city  
 treasurer.

Nonpartisan election of aldermen.  
 Consolidation of local governments.

A special committee on state legis-  
 lation will pass on the bills before  
 the council is asked to act on them.

Dixon C. Williams, the well known  
 manufacturer, deserves well at the  
 hands of the Democratic party. He is  
 a born leader.

## THE COMMON COUNCIL

Full List of Aldermen Compos-  
 ing the Governing Body of  
 the City of Chicago.

Following are the names of the al-  
 dermen composing the City Council:  
 Ward.

- 1—John J. Coughlin.....Dem.
- 2—Michael Kenna.....Dem.
- 3—Robert R. Jackson.....Rep.
- 4—Louis B. Anderson.....Rep.
- 5—U. S. Schwartz.....Dem.
- 6—George F. Illf.....Dem.
- 7—John A. Richert.....Dem.
- 8—David R. Hickey.....Dem.
- 9—Robert J. Mulcahy.....Dem.
- 10—Joseph B. McDonough.....Dem.
- 11—Willis O. Nance.....Rep.
- 12—A. A. McCormick.....Rep.
- 13—Guy Guernsey.....Rep.
- 14—William R. Fetter.....Rep.
- 15—Martin S. Furman.....Dem.
- 16—Ross A. Woodhull.....Dem.
- 17—Sheldon W. Govier.....Dem.
- 18—Charles V. Johnson.....Soc.
- 19—James McNichols.....Dem.
- 20—Frank Klaus.....Dem.
- 21—Herman Krundick.....Dem.
- 22—E. F. Cullerton.....Dem.
- 23—Joseph I. Novak.....Dem.
- 24—Otto Kerner.....Dem.
- 25—John G. Horne.....Dem.
- 26—Thomas J. Ahern.....Dem.
- 27—Joseph H. Smith.....Dem.
- 28—George M. Maypole.....Dem.
- 29—Oscar H. Olsen.....Rep.
- 30—Edward J. Kalndt.....Dem.
- 31—John A. Piotrowski.....Dem.
- 32—Stanley H. Kunz.....Dem.
- 33—S. S. Walkowiak.....Dem.
- 34—Stanley Adamkiewicz.....Dem.
- 35—M. F. Kavanagh.....Dem.
- 36—John J. Tuohy.....Dem.
- 37—James B. Bowler.....Dem.
- 38—John Powers.....Dem.
- 39—Matt Franz.....Dem.
- 40—Henry L. Flick.....Dem.
- 41—Earl J. Walker.....Rep.
- 42—Robert H. McCormick.....Rep.
- 43—John H. Bauer.....Dem.
- 44—William P. Ellison.....Dem.
- 45—Walter P. Steffen.....Rep.
- 46—Thomas O. Wallace.....Rep.
- 47—John Haderlein.....Dem.
- 48—Frank F. Roeder.....Dem.
- 49—Frank J. Link.....Rep.
- 50—Henry D. Capitani.....Rep.
- 51—George Pretzel.....Rep.
- 52—William F. Lipps.....Rep.
- 53—Oliver L. Watson.....Rep.
- 54—John C. Kennedy.....Soc.
- 55—Max Adamowski.....Dem.
- 56—Harry E. Littler.....Rep.
- 57—Thomas F. Byrne.....Dem.
- 58—John Hrubec.....Rep.
- 59—William R. O'Toole.....Dem.
- 60—Wm. J. Lynch.....Dem.
- 61—Terrence F. Moran.....Dem.
- 62—James A. Long.....Dem.
- 63—John H. Lyle.....Rep.
- 64—Albert J. Fisher.....Rep.
- 65—Albert O. Anderson.....Rep.
- 66—Irwin R. Hazen.....Rep.
- 67—John Toman.....Dem.
- 68—Joseph O. Kostner.....Dem.
- 69—Thomas J. Lynch.....Dem.
- 70—John S. Clark.....Dem.

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